HİZMETE ÖZEL



Savı **:** 38591462-490.02-2021-2445 07.09.2021

: Yaban Hayatı için Birliktelik Derneği Ulaştırma

Görev Gücü Eylül 2021 Bülteni

Sirküler No: 944

Sayın Üyemiz,

Uluslararası Deniz Ticaret Odası'ndan (International Chamber of Shipping - ICS) alınan 6 Eylül 2021 tarihli ve MC(21)76 sayılı yazıda, "Yaban Hayatı için Birliktelik (United for Wildlife) Derneği Ulaştırma Görev Gücü" tarafından hazırlanan, yasa dışı yaban hayatı ticareti konularına yer verilen ve bilmesi gereken prensibi kapsamında yayımı ve değerlendirilmesi talep edilen bülten Ek'te sunulmaktadır.

Bilgilerinize arz/rica ederim.

Saygılarımla,

İsmet SALİHOĞLU Genel Sekreter

Ek:ICS Yazısı ve Eki (9 sayfa)

### Dağıtım:

#### Gereği:

- Türk Armatörler Birliği
- S.S. Gemi Armatörleri Motorlu Taşıyıcılar Kooperatifi
- Gemi, Yat ve Hizmetleri İhracatçıları Birliği
- VDAD (Vapur Donatanları ve Acenteleri Derneği)
- -TÜRKLİM (Türkiye Liman İşletmecileri Derneği)
- KOSDER (Koster Armatörleri ve İşletmecileri Derneği)
- GBD (Gemi Brokerleri Derneği)
- ROFED (Kabotaj Hattı Ro-Ro ve Feribot İşletmecileri Derneği)
- DEM-BİR (Deniz Ürünleri Avcıları Üreticileri Merkez Birliği)
- UTİKAD (Uluslararası Taşımacılık ve Lojistik Hizmet Üretenleri Derneği)
- Türk Uzakyol Gemi Kaptanları Derneği

#### Bilgi:

- Yönetim Kurulu Başkan ve Üyeleri

Bu belge, 5070 sayılı Elektronik İmza Kanuna göre Güvenli Elektronik İmza ile İmzalanmıştır.

HİZMETE ÖZEL









Sistemi

Gelen Tarih Sayı: 06.09.2021 - 3726



Walsingham House 35 Seething Lane London EC3N 4AH

Tel +44 20 7090 1460

info@ics-shipping.org | ics-shipping.org

This Circular and its attachments (if any) are confidential to the intended recipient and may be privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, you should contact ICS and must not make any use of it.

6 September 2021 MC(21)76

TO: MARINE COMMITTEE

Copy: All Members and Associate Members (for information)

## UNITED FOR WILDLIFE TRANSPORT TASKFORCE BULLETIN

Action Required: members are requested to distribute the attached Transport Taskforce Bulletin to their member shipowner companies for their information.

As members will be aware and further to ICS Circular BOARD(15)44 as a signatory to the declaration on illegal wildlife trafficking ICS will distribute the bulletins produced by United for Wildlife to all members.

The latest Transport taskforce bulletin is self-explanatory and is attached as an annex to this circular for member shipping companies' information.

Chris Oliver Nautical Director

Annex A – UNITED FOR WILDLIFE TRANSPORT TASKFORCE BULLETIN

#### **CONTENTS**

**1) Taking Action**: Major seizure, arrests, and other developments in Nigeria. Financial Taskforce voices in the Money Laundering Bulletin.

## 2) New Taskforce Alerts on:

- Chimpanzee and other wildlife trafficking in Liberia
- Porcupine trafficking, potentially as a replacement for pangolin
- Business-to-Business platforms as a vehicle for wildlife trafficking
- Succulent and rare plant trafficking devastating protected populations
- 3) Convergence Report: Armed conflict, corruption, and narcotics.
- 4) Red flags and what to look for, from recent open sources and Taskforce analysis.

## **TAKING ACTION**

News, success stories, and best practice from and for Taskforce members

## Nigeria Customs seizes \$54 million / 7.1 tons of illegal pangolin, arrests 3

**suspects:** In early August, Nigeria Customs Service, a close partner of United for Wildlife, seized 196 sacks of pangolin scales (representing about 15,000 dead pangolins) along with additional quantities of ivory and rhino horn at a trafficker's residence in Lagos, and subsequently arrested 3 of the alleged traffickers. The seizure coincides with two other major developments in Nigeria:

- Nigeria Customs Service recently established a special wildlife crime unit in collaboration with UfW Intelligence Sharing partner, <u>Focused Conservation</u>.
- UfW partners EIA and UNODC published a landmark study on "Combating Wildlife Crime
  in Nigeria An analysis of the Criminal Justice Legislative Framework," available for
  download here.

"Call of the Wild:" Financial Taskforce members and partners provide expert insights to Money Laundering Bulletin: New article in leading trade publication, the Money Laundering Bulletin, features expert contributions from a variety of Financial Taskforce members and partners. A version of the article reproduced here courtesy of Money Laundering Bulletin.

We'd like to hear your story! Submit your company's success stories to your Taskforce points of contact, listed at the end of the Bulletin

## INTELLIGENCE UPDATE

Latest wildlife trafficking threat and convergence trends

#### LATEST TASKFORCE ALERTS

▲ Liberia: Illegal trade in Western chimpanzees for the pet and wild game / bushmeat trades: Liberia is a major source and transit country for the illegal wildlife trade (IWT) in West Africa, and is a key source of illicit western chimpanzees for the pet and bushmeat trade. FULL ALERT

 $oldsymbol{\Delta}$  Illicit trafficking in Porcupines and their parts in Asia, including as potential

Pangolin replacement: Porcupines and their derivatives are in growing demand across
Asia for food, traditional medicine, decorations, private zoos, and to supply wildlife farms.
Growing demand for porcupine bezoars – round masses of plant material which develop in their gut, used in traditional Chinese medicine – and current trade levels indicate that this trend is unsustainable, posing a threat to the survival of the species. FULL ALERT

⚠ Traders on business-to-business online marketplaces openly advertise illegal wildlife, drugs, and high value minerals for sale: business-to-business (B2B) marketplaces host companies and individuals claiming to sell protected and endangered wildlife internationally, in violation of national laws and CITES. Pangolin scales, ivory, rhino horn, sea cucumber, tiger skins, live parrots, parrot eggs, primates, and other protected wildlife are openly advertised on B2B marketplaces, often alongside other illicit commodities. FULL ALERT

⚠ Succulent and other rare plant trafficking in South Africa increasing during Covid19 pandemic, reflecting global trends: Increasing demand for rare plants in Asia, Europe, and North America is driving plant poaching and trafficking from South Africa, the United States of America, and Chile. Demand for these plants, particularly succulents and cacti, is threatening wild species, leading to rapidly declining populations. Authorities in South Africa seized more than 2,500 succulent specimens each week from January to July 2021. FULL ALERT

## **CONVERGENCE REPORT**

- AIR TRANSPORT / PUBLIC HEALTH: Weak controls fuel surge in wildlife trafficking by air across
   Latin America Mongabay
- AUTHORITARIANISM: Environmental Activists in Cambodia Are Resorting to Disguises to Avoid
   Arrests Vice

- AUTHORITARIANISM / INSTABILITY: Myanmar Junta's Coup Gives Greenlight to Timber

   Traffickers The Irrawaddy
- GEOPOLITICS: Fish and Ships: Chinese fishing and Europe's Indo-Pacific strategy
   European Council
   on Foreign Relations
- HUMAN TRAFFICKING: Slaves to deforestation: Labor abuses fuel Brazil's Amazon
   destruction Thomson-Reuters Foundation
- ORGANIZED CRIME: Hong Kong Brings Wildlife Trafficking under Organized Crime Bill OCCRP

# WHAT TO LOOK FOR

Actionable red flags & indicators of suspicious activity, compiled from recent open sources and Taskforce Alerts

## **Country Risk**

- Source: South Africa, United States of America, Chile, Mexico,
   Peru, Liberia, Cameroon, Congo, Ghana, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Mali, Niger,
   Nigeria, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Thailand, Philippines. Solomon
   Islands,, Tanzania, Togo, Zambia
- Transit: Germany, Italy, Armenia, Egypt, Ethiopia, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Libya,
   Sudan
- Demand: China, Chinese diaspora communities in Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand,
   Vietnam, Japan, Russia, UAE

## Specific High-Risk Geographies

- Liberia (live chimpanzees): Monrovia, Zwedru, Gbarpolu, Grand Gedeh County;
   Luyeama in Lofa County, Nimba County, Sinoe County
- Liberia (Bushmeat): Konobo District, Gbarpolu County, Ganta, Grand Gedeh
   Porlorwu, Kpowansanyea Town, Salayea District, Lofa County; Pellokon, Seekon
   Statutory District, Sinoe County
- Succulents: Richtersveld and Knersvlakte, Northern Cape, South Africa;
   Namaqualand, South Africa; Texas (Big Bend), California (Mendocino and Humboldt Counties), Arizona, USA
- Cacti: Atacama Desert, Chile

## **Client Risk (corporates)**

- Animal export businesses, pet shops, and breeders
- Animal skin exporters
- Any businesses advertising and selling animal experiences such as chimp petting or cub petting
- B2B online marketplaces where illicit commodities are openly advertised
- Hotels and restaurants housing live animals
- Online and in-store retailers advertising rare wild harvested plant specimens
- Plant nurseries in high-risk source locations
- Plant import/export businesses
- Online wholesale platforms lacking policies to regulate the trade in wildlife species, or that do not apply policies and standards to traders.
- Traditional medicine manufacturers or sellers in high-risk geographies,
   especially where the trade in porcupines is illegal

## Client Risk (persons)

- Online retailers, wholesalers, and brick and mortar traditional medicine retail
   outlets advertising porcupine bezoars, especially from areas where the harvest is
   illegal or unregulated.
- Plant enthusiasts and hobbyists displaying large numbers of potentially wild harvested specimens, especially those suspected of past involvement in IWT with frequent, unexplained travel to / from high-risk source locations
- Tour guides specializing in plants
- Beneficial owners of online wholesale and retail companies where sales of legal commodities are advertised alongside of illicit commodities; or where past involvement in wildlife crime or cyber fraud is suspected
- Law enforcement, park rangers, local officials near high-risk zones for IWT
- Customs officials or transport company staff at high-risk border points
- Owners of hotels housing live animals
- Individuals employed in mining and extractive industries, especially temporary
   workers from high-risk geographies in Asia

#### **Transaction Risk**

- Unexplained wealth not commensurate with normal compensation for public sector employees
- Unexplained transactions involving large amounts transferred via wire and money service businesses from high-risk destination countries (China, UAE)
- Sending large numbers of boxes, particularly those displaying dirt or plant debris, from high-risk zones to high demand markets (as noted above)
- Regular large deposits from plant exporters suspected of involvement in IWT
- Payments to vendors trading in porcupines in high-risk geographies
- Unusual deposits or expenditures in the accounts of farmers near porcupine poaching hotspots

 Payments to online traders with suspicious activity or past histories related to advanced fee fraud/non-delivery scams or mis-invoicing

## **Commodity Risk**

- Animal hides
- Timber
- Agricultural products (seeds, nuts, sisal fibers)
- Medical equipment
- Live animals
- Succulents, cacti, and other plant species in high demand

#### **Investor Risk**

- Investments related to B2Bs or supporting payment platforms
- Investments related to infrastructure developments near areas threatened with plant poaching, particularly in the Northern Cape region of South Africa
- Investments related to traditional medicine manufacture with operations in source countries and China

This Bulletin was produced by Focused Conservation on behalf of United for Wildlife and the Royal Foundation of the Duke and Duchess of Cambridge. All rights reserved.





#### About

United for Wildlife Taskforce Intelligence Bulletins are joint monthly advisories for both Buckingham Palace and Mansion House Declaration Signatories on issues of high concern related to wildlife trafficking and the finance and transport sector, and are a core output of the Taskforce Information Sharing System.

#### Sharing

United for Wildlife Taskforce Bulletins are for limited distribution within the transport, finance, and law enforcement sectors only and should not be released publicly. We encourage you however to share these Bulletins with colleagues from within the finance and transport industries or law enforcement who may find them useful.

#### Disclaimer

This Bulletin is provided for information purposes only. The Taskforce has high confidence in the analysis and findings presented in this bulletin unless otherwise noted, and while every attempt has been made to ensure accuracy of this information, no warranty is made on the accuracy or reliability of this information. Any and all company or individual decisions and the consequences of those decisions made based on or informed by this information are the sole responsibility of the persons and organizations making such decisions.

#### Contact

For questions or additional data/analysis relevant to this alert, please reply to this message or contact your relevant United for Wildlife Taskforce points of contact:

- Mr. Rob Campbell (<a href="mailto:robert.campbell@royalfoundation.com">robert.campbell@royalfoundation.com</a>), Program Manager
- Dr. Tim Wittig (<u>timothy.wittig@unitedforwildlife.org</u>), Head of Intelligence & Analysis
- Dr. Tricia Raxter (<u>praxter@focusedconservation.org</u>), Senior Analyst

Copyright © 2021 Focused Conservation, All rights reserved.

You are receiving this email because you or your institution opted in to receive emails from the United for Wildlife Taskforces

## Our mailing address is:

Focused Conservation 1635 Eagle Harbor Pkwy Ste 4 Fleming Island, FL 32003-4827